

Conflict of Interest and Compensation Policy

Dated March 20, 2025

A. PURPOSE

- 1. The purpose of this **Conflict of Interest and Compensation Policy** (the "Policy") is to protect RPNC's interests when considering actions or transactions that could:
 - o Provide a **private benefit** to a director, officer, or key person.
 - o Result in the **payment of excessive compensation** to a director, officer, or key person; or
 - Otherwise violate state or federal laws governing nonprofit conflicts of interest.
- 2. As a **charitable nonprofit organization**, RPNC is accountable to both **government agencies and the public** to ensure the responsible and ethical use of its resources. Directors, officers, and employees have a **fiduciary duty** to act in RPNC's best interests and may not use their positions for personal financial gain.
- 3. **Conflicts of interest must be taken seriously**, as they can damage RPNC's credibility and expose the organization and its affiliated individuals to legal liability. Even the **appearance** of a conflict of interest should be avoided to maintain public trust.

B. SCOPE OF POLICY

This policy applies to all **directors**, **officers**, **and key persons** of RPNC (collectively referred to as "you").

C. IDENTIFYING CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

1. What Constitutes a Conflict of Interest?

A conflict of interest arises when a director, officer, or key person—or their **relative or business entity**—has:

- A **financial interest** in an action RPNC takes or a transaction RPNC enters; or
- Another interest that impairs, or could be perceived to impair, their ability to make impartial
 decisions in RPNC's best interest.

2. Examples of Potential Conflicts of Interest

Conflicts of interest may arise in many situations, including when a director, officer, or key person (or their relative or business entity):

- **Has an ownership or financial interest** in a third party that RPNC does business with or is considering working with.
- **Serves on the board of, manages, is employed by, or volunteers with** an organization RPNC collaborates with or competes against.

- **Receives or expects to receive** compensation, commissions, or financial benefits from an RPNC transaction.
- **Receives personal gifts, favors, or loans** from individuals or businesses engaged with RPNC.
- **Competes with RPNC** for funding, grants, or contracts.
- Has a close personal or business relationship with an individual involved in an RPNC transaction.
- **Seeks to personally benefit** from a decision RPNC is considering.

If you are uncertain whether a situation presents a conflict of interest, **err on the side of caution** and disclose it as outlined in Section D.

3. Not All Potential Conflicts Are Conflicts of Interest

A **potential** conflict does not automatically constitute a **conflict of interest**. A conflict is determined only when the **Audit Committee** evaluates the situation, per Section E.

D. DISCLOSING POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

1. Timely Disclosure:

- You must **disclose any potential conflicts of interest** as soon as you become aware of them, and **before taking any action** related to the matter.
- Disclosures must be made in writing to the Audit Committee, detailing all relevant facts.

2. Annual Disclosure Statement:

- All directors and key persons must **submit an annual conflict of interest disclosure** in the form attached to this policy.
- New directors must complete this disclosure **before their election to the board**.

E. DETERMINING WHETHER A CONFLICT EXISTS

- 1. After reviewing a disclosed potential conflict and gathering relevant information, the **Audit Committee** will determine whether an **actual conflict of interest** exists.
- 2. The involved director, officer, or key person:
 - o **May not be present** during the deliberation or vote on the matter.
 - Must not attempt to improperly influence the decision-making process.
- 3. A conflict of interest exists if the **transaction or action** raises concerns of **bias, misuse of assets, or impropriety**.
- 4. **Related Party Transactions** (where an RPNC officer or director has a financial interest) are automatically deemed **conflicts of interest** and must be referred to by the Board of Directors.

F. PROCEDURES FOR ADDRESSING CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- 1. If the **Board of Directors** is reviewing a conflict-of-interest matter:
 - The conflicted individual may provide information but cannot participate in deliberations or votes.

2. Additional Rules for Related Party Transactions:

- RPNC may not enter a related party transaction unless the Board determines it is fair, reasonable, and in RPNC's best interest.
- If the related party has a **substantial financial interest**, the Board must:
 - Consider **alternative transactions** when possible.

- Approve the transaction by a **majority vote** of directors present.
- Document the decision, including alternatives considered and justifications for approval.

G. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

Meeting minutes must document:

- The **nature of the conflict** and the conflicted individual's involvement,
- The Board's **decision and reasoning** regarding the conflict.
- Any **alternative transactions** considered.
- The **vote results** if a related party transaction is approved.

H. PROHIBITED CONDUCT

1. Self-Dealing

No board member, officer, employee, or related party may improperly benefit from RPNC resources.

2. Use of Insider Information

Confidential information obtained through RPNC may not be used for personal gain.

3. Preferential Treatment

No individual or entity may receive **special benefits** in RPNC's decisions due to personal relationships.

4. Improper Compensation

- **Board members and voting officers cannot receive compensation** for their service, except as permitted by law.
- Compensation must be reasonable, justified, and IRS-compliant.

5. Retaliation for Reporting

No individual may be retaliated against for **reporting** a suspected conflict of interest or misconduct.

6. Fraud, Dishonesty, or Criminal Conduct

Engaging in fraud or illegal activity will result in **disciplinary action**, including possible removal.

I. COMPENSATION PROCEDURES

- 1. No individual may **be present for or vote on** their own compensation or that of a relative.
- 2. **Compensation for Key Persons** must be:
 - o **Pre-approved** by the Board or an authorized committee.
 - o Based on **comparative data** (e.g., industry benchmarks, IRS guidelines).

- Fully **documented**, including:
 - The decision-making process.
 - Justification for compensation levels.
 - Votes cast and support financial data.

End of Policy

By signing below, I affirm that:

- 1. I have received and read a copy of the Conflict of Interest and Compensation Policy.
- 2. I agree to comply with the policy.
- 3. I have no actual or potential conflicts as defined by the policy or if I have, I have previously disclosed them as required by the policy or am disclosing them below.

Name	Title	Signature	Date
Andrea Fisher	Board Chairperson	Signed by: Andrea Fisher 63AEE3C0822C48F	03/20/2025
Lamar Porter	Board Director	Signed by: Ja. Vol. 3A74814D56804F6	03/20/2025
Brent Lewis	Board Director	Charles B Charles B Uptable symetry Charles 81 error Charles B Lewis Lewis Charles B Lewis Charles Cha	03/20/2025
Ronald Redding	Board Director	Signed by: Konald W Kedding 57F942930CC84F9	03/20/2025
Sarah Gumm	Board Director	Signed by: A79D94CCE8AF487	03/20/2025

I, **Jeff Watts, Founder & Executive Director,** acknowledge receipt of the adopted policy of Rally Point Nonprofit Council and agree to operate in accordance with its provisions.

Jeff Watts Executive Director

Jeffery A Watts

Watts

Director | Director |